

Corporate Presentation

June 19, 2019

PIONEERING THE POSSIBLE

Forward Looking Statements

This presentation contains forward-looking statements within the meaning of the "safe harbor" provisions of The Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995. All statements, other than statements of historical facts, contained in this presentation, including statements regarding the Company's strategy, future operations, future financial position, future revenue, projected costs, prospects, plans, and objectives of management, are forward-looking statements. The words "anticipate," "believe," "continue," "could," "estimate," "expect," "intend," "may," "plan," "potential," "predict," "project," "target," "should," "would," and similar expressions are intended to identify forward-looking statements, although not all forward-looking statements contain these identifying words. Forward-looking statements in this presentation include statements regarding the clinical trial timeline for EDIT-101 (AGN-151587) and the Company's 2022 goals. The Company may not actually achieve the plans, intentions, or expectations disclosed in these forward-looking statements, and you should not place undue reliance on these forward-looking statements. Actual results or events could differ materially from the plans, intentions and expectations disclosed in these forward-looking statements as a result of various factors, including: uncertainties inherent in the initiation and completion of preclinical studies and clinical trials and clinical development of the Company's product candidates; whether interim results from a clinical trial will be predictive of the final results of the trial or the results of future trials; expectations for regulatory approvals to conduct trials or to market products; availability of funding sufficient for the Company's foreseeable and unforeseeable operating expenses and capital expenditure requirements; and other factors discussed in the "Risk Factors" section of the Company's most recent Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q, which is on file with the Securities and Exchange Commission, and in other filings that the Company may make with the Securities and Exchange Commission in the future. In addition, the forward-looking statements included in this presentation represent the Company's views as of the date of this presentation. The Company anticipates that subsequent events and developments will cause its views to change. However, while the Company may elect to update these forward-looking statements at some point in the future, it specifically disclaims any obligation to do so. These forward-looking statements should not be relied upon as representing the Company's views as of any date subsequent to the date of this presentation.

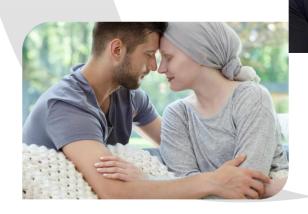


CO Transforming Patient Lives

OUR MISSION

is to translate the promise of genome editing into a broad class of transformative genomic medicines to benefit the greatest number of patients









Pioneering the Possible



Clinical-stage company working to transform patient lives

- First in vivo CRISPR clinical trial in history (EDIT-101 for LCA10)
- Plan to initiate EDIT-101 patient screening mid-2019 and dosing 2H19
- Rapidly translating exciting science into revolutionary medicines



Leader across CRISPR in vivo and engineered cell medicines

- Proven AAV delivery capability for in vivo **CRISPR** medicines
- Advancing engineered cell medicines to treat blood diseases and cancer
- Enabled by unparalleled platform of Cas9 and Cpf1 (Cas12a) enzymes



Strong progress towards EM22 qoals

- EDIT-101 IND accepted by FDA upon initial review
- Usher syndrome 2A (USH2A) in vivo proof of concept established
- EDIT-301 for sickle cell and beta-thalassemia INDenabling activities initiated

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2019 Achievements and Goals

ACHIEVEMENTS

- Formed collaboration with Blue Rock Therapeutics to advance universal allogeneic cell medicines for cancer
- Initiated IND-enabling activities for EDIT-301 for sickle cell and beta thalassemia
- Established in vivo proof-of-concept for Usher syndrome 2A

GOALS

EDIT-101 first patient dosing in second half

> EDIT-301 pre-clinical data in second half

> > Usher syndrome 2A ready for IND-enabling studies by year-end



EM22: Our 2022 Vision for Editas Medicine



Build on Our Current Success

At least one program from our Celgene collaboration

More than one program in ocular diseases

Establish New Areas & Leverage Our Platform

At least one engineered cell medicine program beyond engineered T cells in cancer

At least one program in an additional cell or tissue type or using an advanced editing modality



O Developing Best-in-Class CRISPR Medicines



EDITING OUTSIDE THE BODY ENGINEERED CELL MEDICINES

OCULAR DISEASES *

Leber congenital amaurosis 10* | ---

Usher syndrome 2A | ---

Retinitis pigmentosa

Ocular HSV 🛎

CANCER

Autologous T cell medicines** Allogeneic cell medicines

BLOOD DISEASES

Sickle cell disease | ---

Beta-thalassemia 🖡 👟

Liver - AATD



Lung – CF



in vitro proof of biology



in vivo proof of concept



AAV delivery

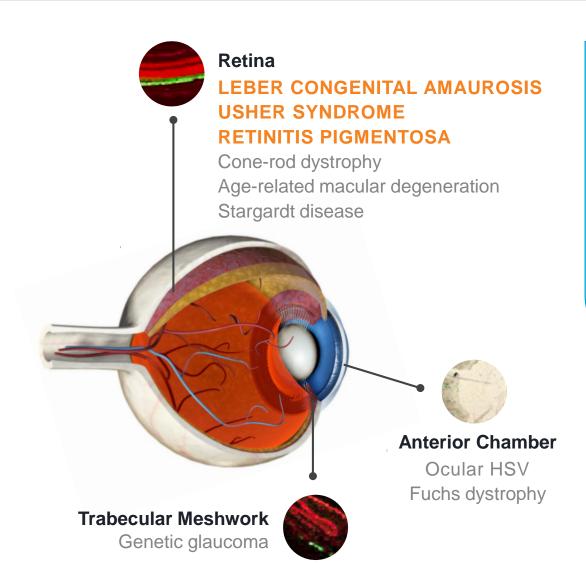
EARLY DISCOVERY



Muscle - DMD



OD Durable Medicines for Serious Eye Diseases



Hundreds of thousands of patients

Targeted local injection with proven AAV vectors

Promising clinical and regulatory path



CO Targeting Leading Genetic Form of Blindness

Remove genetic mutation to restore CEP290 protein and rebuild photoreceptors in

Leber congenital amaurosis 10

> Degeneration of photoreceptors leading to blindness in childhood

2,000 - 5,000patients in US and Europe





EDIT-101 Aims to Rescue Vision in LCA10

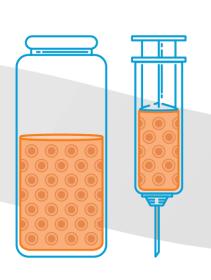
LCA10 Photoreceptor

EDIT-101

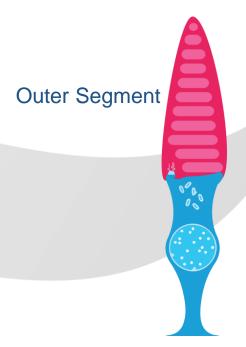
Rescued Photoreceptor



Outer segment degenerates due to CEP290 deficiency



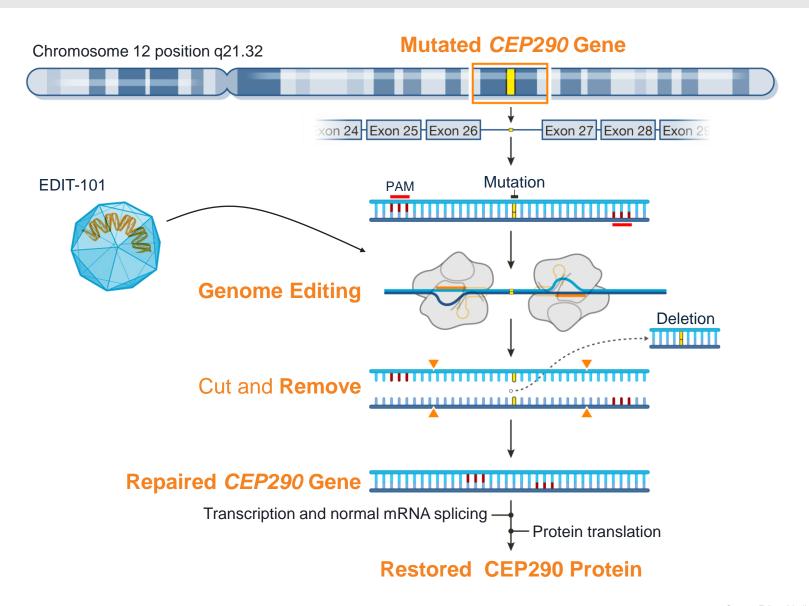
Editing removes disease-causing mutation



Outer segment regenerates with CEP290 protein

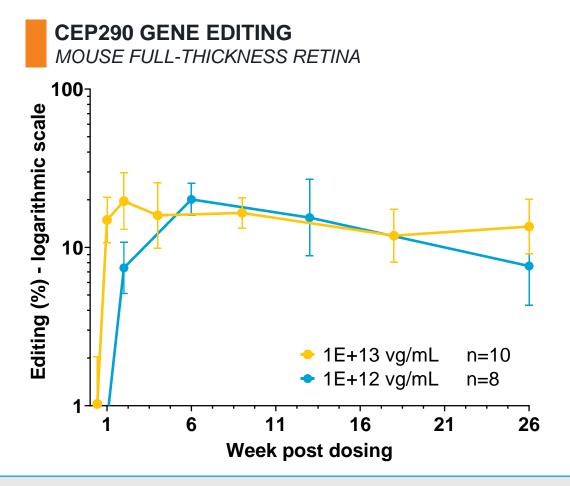


EDIT-101 Aims to Rescue Vision in LCA10





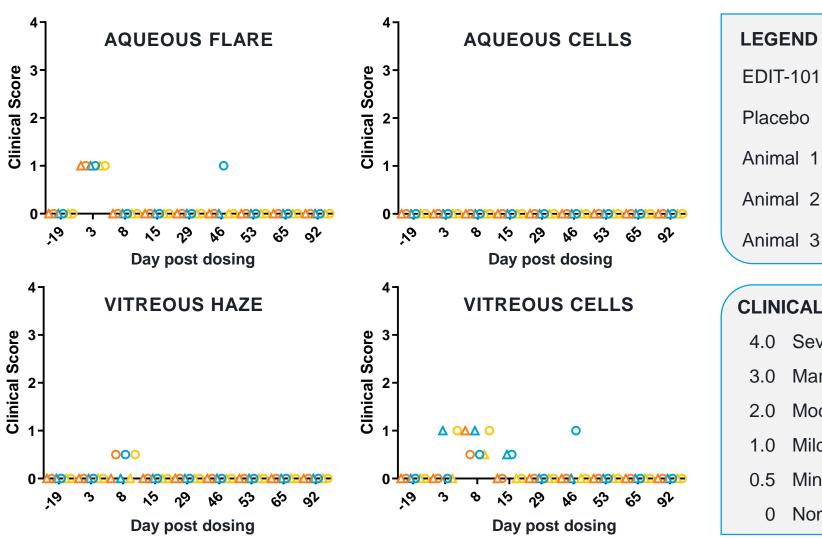
EDIT-101 Demonstrates Rapid Editing



Rapid onset of therapeutically relevant editing at AAV dose that has been safely administered to humans



EDIT-101 Well Tolerated in Non-Human Primates



CLINICAL SCORE

Severe

Marked

Moderate

Mild

Minimal

None



Setting the Stage for Interventional Trials

LCA10 NATURAL HISTORY STUDY

PATIENTS



~40 patients, aged 3 and above

OBJECTIVES



Characterize patients, assessments, rate of change and validate endpoints

SITES



7 sites across US and Europe

FOLLOW-UP



6 visits over 1 year; baseline data presented in April 2019

EDIT-101 Advancing to Clinical Trials

EDIT-101 PHASE 1/2 TRIAL





Open-label, dose escalation study to evaluate safety, tolerability, and efficacy

PATIENTS



~18 patients with IVS26 mutation*

COMPARATOR



Patient's own baseline value for each efficacy measure

FOLLOW-UP



Core measurements every 3 months for 1st year



Pursuing Usher Syndrome 2A Medicine

Rescue vision by restoring **USH2A** protein leveraging same proprietary enzyme, vector, and promoter as EDIT-101

Progressive vision loss leading to blindness due to degeneration of photoreceptors

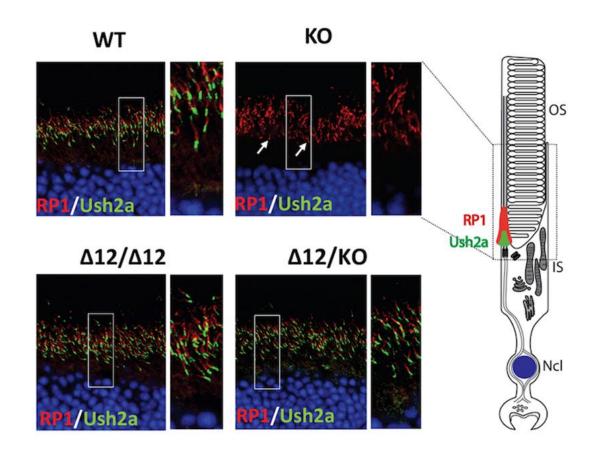
4,000 patients with target mutation

Additional 10,000 potentially addressable





Editing USH2A Increases Cilia Length in vivo



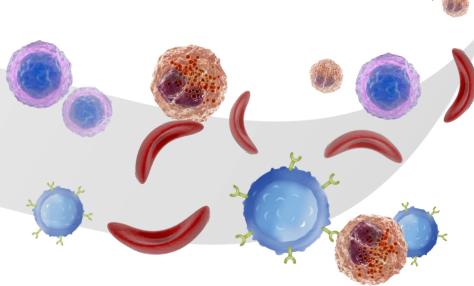
Editing strategy results in desired phenotype



OD Developing Transformative Engineered Cell Medicines

Hematopoietic stem cells could yield medicines for multiple blood diseases

T cells and NK cells are therapeutic platform for cancer, autoimmune, and infectious diseases



Editas Medicine editing enables both autologous and allogeneic cell medicines

NK: natural killer © 2019 Editas Medicine



CO Towards Durable Sickle Cell Disease Medicine

Editing hematopoietic stem cells to increase fetal hemoglobin and alleviate disease morbidity and mortality

Sickle cell disease and beta-thalassemia causing anemia, pain crises, organ failure, and mortality

Over 100,000 hospitalizations annually in US alone

editing strategy designed to deliver best-in-class medicines

Differentiated



Harnessing Genetics to Treat Sickle Cell Disease

Three Critical Product Candidate Criteria



SUCCESSFUL **EDITING**

of long-term hematopoietic stem cells



MAINTENANCE

of normal HSC **function**



DURABLE

predicted therapeutic induction of fetal hemoglobin

20

Differentiated editing strategy directly targets the genetic cause of the disease

HSC: hematopoietic stem cell © 2019 Editas Medicine



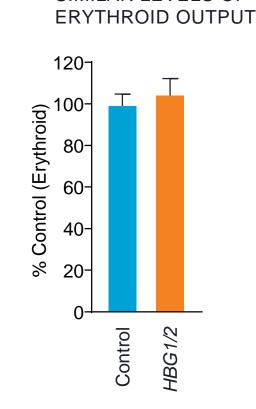
Editing Strategy Maintains HSC Function

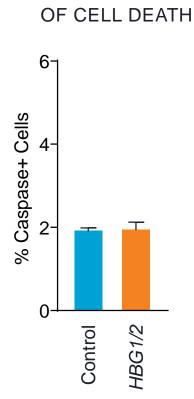


GLOBIN LOCUS EDITING EDITAS MEDICINE APPROACH

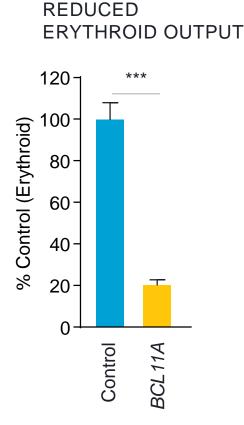
SIMILAR LEVELS OF

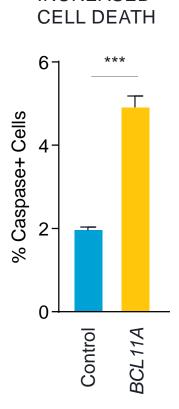






SIMILAR LEVELS

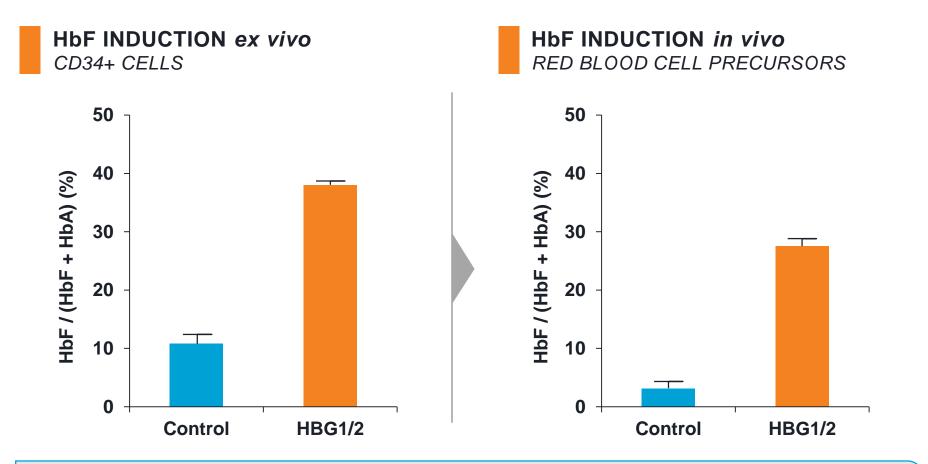




INCREASED



Editing Strategy Induces Robust Fetal Hemoglobin



Potential to safely and effectively induce fetal hemoglobin in vivo



Editing Strategy Achieves Product Candidate Criteria



SUCCESSFUL **EDITING**

of long-term hematopoietic stem cells



MAINTENANCE

of normal HSC **function**



DURABLE

predicted therapeutic induction of fetal hemoglobin

BCL11Ae





GLOBIN LOCUS

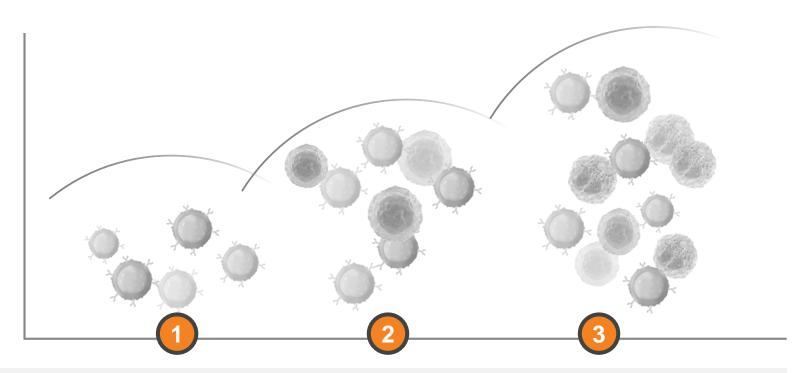








Rapid Innovation in Cell Medicines for Cancer



24

CELL SOURCE	Patient Donor	Healthy Donor	Universal (iPSC)	
CELL TYPE	αβ T cells	NK cells, $\alpha\beta$ T cells, $\gamma\delta$ T cells	NK cells, $\alpha\beta$ T cells, $\gamma\delta$ T cells	
MULTIPLEXING	Modest	Modest	High	

iPSC: induced pluripotent stem cell © 2019 Editas Medicine



Investing to Develop Best in Class Medicines

	PATIENT DONOR	HEALTHY DONOR	UNIVERSAL (iPSC)
T CELLS ($\alpha\beta$ and $\gamma\delta$)	Celgene	Celgene	Celgene
Milestones & royalties to	editas	editas	editas
NK CELLS	editas	editas	Milestones & royalties to BlueRock Therapeutics

Driving programs across both T cells and NK cells for best in class medicines to treat liquid and solid tumors



Powerful Engine for Genomic Medicines

Broadest Access to Genomic Targets

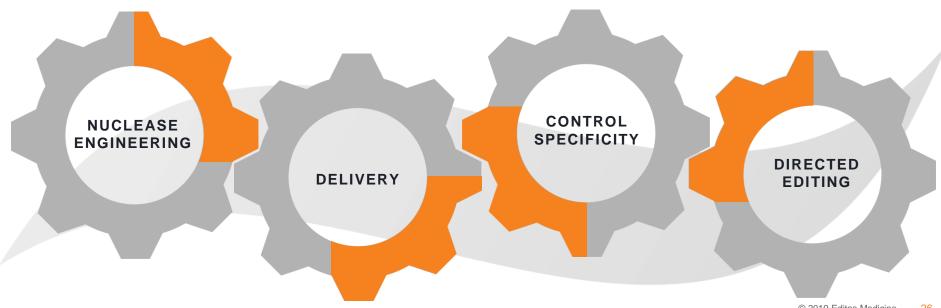
Proprietary portfolio of Cas9 and Cpf1 enzymes may directly edit ~95% of the human genome

Widest Range of Tissues and Cells

Ability to use AAVs, RNPs, and LNPs to address diseases throughout the body

Diverse Spectrum of Therapeutic Edits

Disrupt, remove, replace, or insert DNA to precisely and durably treat illness





Strong Foundation for Long-Term Leadership

PARTNERS

OCULAR MEDICINES



Option to license up to 5 ocular programs

Partnership with innovator in ophthalmology

\$90 million upfront plus > \$1 billion contingent milestones and tiered royalties; option for 50/50 profit split in US on 2 programs, including EDIT-101

ENGINEERED T CELL MEDICINES FOR CANCER



CAR T and TCR cell medicines to treat cancer

Partnership with leader in oncology

\$30 million upfront and up to \$22 million in R&D funding; ~\$930 million in contingent milestones plus tiered royalties; \$10 million in milestones achieved to date

PATENTS

BROADEST & DEEPEST PORTFOLIO OF CRISPR IP



Exclusive access to foundational Cas9 and Cpf1 patent estates

Exclusive access to multiple species and engineered forms of Cas9 and Cpf1

Over 70 issued patents and over 600 patent applications pending

Issued patents covering EDIT-101



Community



Resilience



Ingenuity



Science



Passion



Revolution

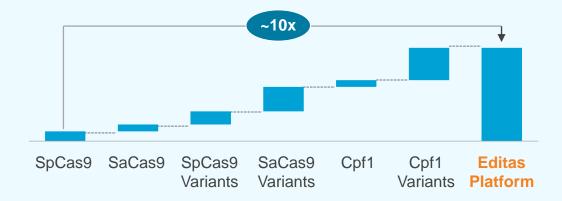
Appendix



Platform Enables Broad Product Pipeline



Broad Range of **Sites**





Wide **Delivery Options**



Viral Vector

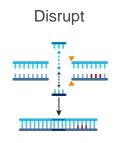


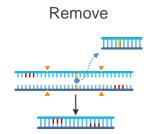
Lipid Nanoparticle

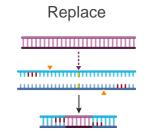


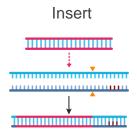
Electroporation













Unmatched Patent Position in CRISPR Gene Editing

Exclusive access to Cas9 and Cpf1

patent portfolios, which are independent of each other

Exclusive access to advanced forms

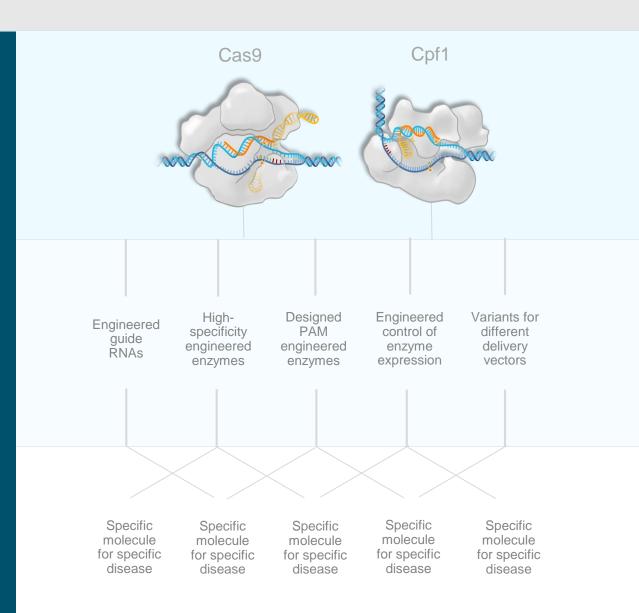
including high specificity, PAM variants, others

Over 70 issued patents

worldwide, including in United States, Europe, and Australia

Over 600 pending patent applications

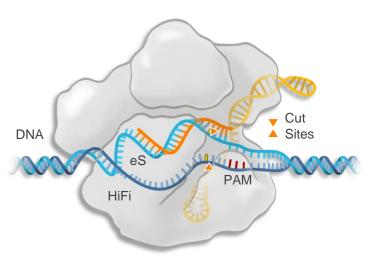
from Editas Medicine and academic institutions



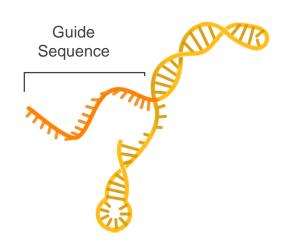


CRISPR Unlocks Genome Editing

Nuclease



Guide RNA



Complex of nuclease and guide RNA precisely locates and cuts genomic sites

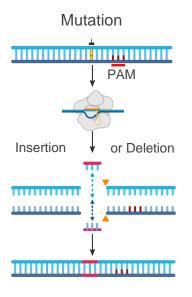
> Ability to target multiple sites simultaneously

Nuclease can be engineered to reach more sites and to modulate cutting

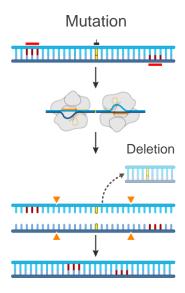


CRISPR Addresses Diverse Mutations

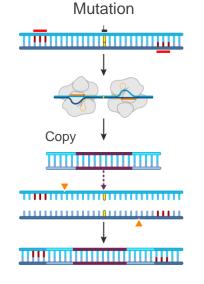




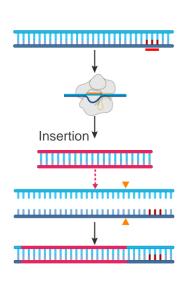
Cut and Remove



Cut and Replace



Cut and Insert



Non-homologous end joining typically disrupts a gene or eliminates a disease-causing mutation

Homology-directed repair and targeted insertion aim to promote expression of

correct DNA sequences